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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/663,514	09/16/2003	Nolan L. Smith	55508-277457 5043	
25764 EAECDE & D	7590 07/18/2007	EXAMINER		
FAEGRE & BENSON LLP PATENT DOCKETING			WILLSE, DAVID H	
2200 WELLS FARGO CENTER 90 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	JIS, MN 55402-3901		3738	
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			07/18/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/663,514	SMITH ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Dave Willse	3738		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin 11 apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from 12 cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>June</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4)	<u>0-33</u> is/are withdrawn from cons s/are rejected.	ideration.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6-4-07.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate		

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The Applicant has failed to *specifically* point out the support in the original disclosure for each of the newly added limitations to the claims (MPEP §§ 714.02 and 2163.06) and must do so in response to the present Office action.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 34 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. A layer of material coated on the top surface of the lower member as claimed is not found in the original disclosure.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 5, 6, 10, 17-19, 25, 29, 35, 36, 40, 41, and 45-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by McCoy, US 4,764,172. In regard to the added

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claim language, the stress distribution over the solid leg prosthesis 12 implies a continuum of support axes throughout the volume of the structure. Moreover, the "leg portion" (claim 1, line 1) is not a positively recited element of the present invention as claimed; the upwardly extending post of McCoy is certainly *capable* of being aligned with a central or some other well-defined longitudinal axis of a leg portion via adaptors or the like, whether or not such was the intent. And standard definitions of the word "alignment" do not necessitate collinearity, so the term "substantial alignment" (instant claim 1, line 5) must be interpreted broadly (MPEP §§ 2111 and 2173.05(b)), particular when read in light of the Applicant's own Figures 12A and 12B, which depict a pyramidal coupling and thus suggest a range of angulations between the leg portion and the post (sentence bridging pages 7 and 8 of the Applicant's specification). Regarding claims 6 and 10, the perforation is viewed as the longitudinal or axial hole inherent in the helical form of each coil spring 52 and 58. Regarding claim 25, heel member 28 is mounted on the bottom of the lower member 18 via screw 26 (column 2, lines 30-32). Regarding claim 29: Figure 4; column 2, lines 25-28.

Claims 1, 5-7, 10, 14, 15, 17-19, 25-29, and 35-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Shorter et al., US 5,116,383, which discloses a lower member 12A, a post 14 threadably engaging an opening in a ball member 46, and an upper member 44. The first or anterior buffer corresponds to that part of the resilient rubber ring 54 having the stiffening plates 56 and separated from a second or posterior buffer by medial and lateral buffer portions (Figures 1 and 4; column 4, lines 20-44). The Applicant's own elected embodiment, represented in Figures 12A and 12B, includes a thin layer 588 integral with both buffers 540 and 542 (Applicant's specification: page 14, lines 18-22), so the interpretation of the term "separated"

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(instant claim 1, line 10) is deemed to be reasonable under MPEP § 2111. Regarding claims 7 and 10, the perforations receiving the plates 56 extend laterally relative to the longitudinal axes of the foot and the pylon and extend longitudinally relative to the length of the plates 56. Regarding claims 14 and 15, the plates 56 can be interpreted as plugs in that they fill the aforementioned perforations or slits. Regarding claims 25-28, attention is directed to the heel member 12B and the heel buffer 28 and 30. Regarding claim 35 and others, the post can optionally be the shank 46A.

Claims 8, 9, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shorter et al., US 5,116,383. Regarding claim 8, perforations communicating with slits were well known in the art at the time of the present invention and would have been obvious in order to facilitate insertion of the stiffening plates 56 into the snubber ring 54 or in order to impart a certain level of flexibility to the alternative block of rigid material described at column 4, lines 49-52. Regarding claim 11, a lateral perforation through the second or posterior buffer would have been obvious in order to provide a selection of rings 54 having a diversity of resilient resistances to accommodate a range of amputee preferences and/or activities.

The Applicant's remarks have been considered. With respect to the Shorter et al. patent, the Applicant asserts that the posterior region of the lower member "is where the 'upper and lower keel portions 12A and 12B are joined together at their posterior ends' " (Applicant's reply of May 22, 2007: page 10, lines 2-5). The examiner disagrees, because a posterior *region* is not necessarily confined to a posterior *end*. The anterior-posterior extent of the claimed lower member may consist of (or be defined by) an anterior half or region and a posterior half or region. Other issues are adequately addressed in the grounds of rejection set forth above.

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Reference is made to the drawings of Chen, US 2004/0236435 A1, and Tkach, SU 1593652 A1.

All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the application prior to the entry of the submission under 37 CFR 1.114 and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the application prior to entry under 37 CFR 1.114. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action after the filing of a request for continued examination and the submission under 37 CFR 1.114 (MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dave Willse, whose telephone number is 571-272-4762 and who is generally available Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday, and sometimes on Wednesday. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott, can be reached on 571-272-4754. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Dave Willse Primary Examiner Art Unit 3738